# Module 8

### 考点集训(二十四) Unit 1 The written word

一、在空白处填入1个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。
1. The film touches these issues, but only
superficially.
2. Some politicians were accused of ( plot )
against the government.
3. People the run are more likely to get angry.
4. The beautiful girl adores(work) as a ballet
dancer.
5. The equipment of this lab is worn and needs
to be placed.
6. The players failed to live to their coach's
expectations.
7(abuse) his position as mayor to give jobs to
his friends, Williams is now under investigation.
8. She doesn't like singing because she cannot sing
tune.
9. The novel is set Paris in the 1910s.
10. To our surprise, the film is not intended
(earn) money.
11. The woman sat by the window(spin) silk
into thread.
12. He would rather stay at home go shopping
with his wife.
13.  Some travelers are still trapped in the heavy snow, though
some are reported to (rescue) by the police.
14. She took a mouthful of food and then suddenly
(spit) it out.
$15.\mathrm{I}$ didn't mean to eat anything, but those apples looked so
good that I couldn't resist(try) one.
二、阅读理解
阅读下列短文,从每题所给的 A、B、C 和 D 四个选项中,选
出最佳选项。
A

A novel is a story transmitted from the novelist to the reader. It offers distraction and entertainment. But it can also be something more powerful—a way to learn about how to live. Just read at the right moment in your life, and a novel can change it.

The Novel Cure is a reminder of that power. It is regarded as a grand display of literary fiction and a celebration of the possibilities of the novel. To create this apothecary(药

剂师), the authors have searched through two thousand years of literature for novels that effectively promote happiness, health, and sanity(神志清醒), written by brilliant minds who knew what it meant to be human and wrote their life lessons into their fiction.

The authors, Ella Berthoud and Susan Elderkin, began giving novels to each other whenever one of them seemed in need of a push. In 2008, they set up a bibliotherapy service through a cultural enterprise, and since then they have been prescribing books to customers all over the world.

Bibliotherapy does not discriminate between pains of the body and pains of the head (or heart). Aware that you are not brave enough? Pick up *To Kill a Mockingbird* for an injection of courage. Experiencing a sudden fear of death? Read *One Thousand Years of Solitude* for some understanding on the larger cycle of life. Whatever your condition is, the treatment is simple: a novel (or two), to be read regularly. Some treatments will lead to a complete cure. Others will offer comfort, showing that you are not the first to experience these emotions. *The Novel Cure* is also filled with useful lists recommending the best novels to read when you are stuck in traffic or can't fall asleep, the most important novels to read throughout your life.

Brilliant in concepts, *The Novel Cure* belongs to everyone's bookshelf and to every medicine cabinet. It will make even the most well-read fiction lover pick up a novel he's never heard of, and see familiar ones with new eyes. Mostly, it will reaffirm literature's ability to distract and transport, to resonate(共鸣) and reassure, to change the way we see the world and our place in it.

- ( )16. What does the underlined word "power" in Paragraph 2 refer to?
  - A. The power of the novelist to transmit a story to the reader.
  - B. The power of the novel to distract and entertain the reader.
  - C. The power of the novel to create so many treatments for the reader.
  - D. The power of the novel to tell us how to live and change our lives.

### 新课标·名师导学·高考第一轮总复习·英语 YL(学生用书)

- ( )17. According to the passage, what do you think is "Bibliotherapy"?
  - A. A treatment that helps you to find the meaning of life.
  - B. A method that makes you resonate with the characters in the novel.
  - C. A treatment that requires you to stay in the bookshop and to read many books.
  - D. A method of addressing your physical or psychological problems by reading certain books.
- ( )18. According to the passage, which of the following statements is TRUE about *The Novel Cure*?
  - A. It is hard for bookworms to find the book appealing.
  - B. Its authors must have scanned numerous literature works.
  - C. All of the novels prescribed in it can offer you a complete cure.
  - D. It divides our pains into pains of the body and pains of the head.
- (19) 19. You can find the article on all of the following websites EXCEPT .
  - A. http://www.goodreads.com
  - B. http://www.bookshelf.com
  - C. http://www.booking.com
  - D. http://www.bibliotherapy.com

R

Mother's Day is the time you say "thank you" to your mom. Stop shopping at the store. Flowers and other things in stores are too common to mention. You can choose a special gift for Mother's Day! Just try staying close to home—and heart—write a Mother's Day poem for her.

Use your head. Think of special moments when you were a child, times you've shared with your mom, things she did for you, and why you love her. Write down how those moments influenced you. Write down everything you can think of. This is your inspiration for the poem.

Look at what you wrote and pick out those things that are connected. See if any words rhyme(押韵). It's fine to write a free poem(one without rhymes), but many people find poems with rhymes are easier to work with, easier to read and quite catchy(容易记住的). If no words rhyme but you want your poem to, try to find connecting words that can help connect memories.

Once you have a few sentences, put them in a good order. For example, you could start with a childhood memory and end with something you remember from last month.

Add a title that shows the feeling of the poem. Even something as simple as "For Mom" can work, although something more personal might be better.

Write it with a pen if you have beautiful handwriting. Read the poem over breakfast on Mother's Day, and then hand it to your mom. Let's wait and see the smile and tears of happiness on her face.

- ( )20. Why does the author suggest writing down everything you think of?
  - A. Because it will show your mother's love.
  - B. Because it will bring you inspiration.
  - C. Because it can be shared with others.
  - D. Because it can help answer questions.
- )21. It's better to write a poem with rhymes because
  - A. it is easier to read and remember
  - B. it makes the poem more interesting
  - C. it shows the unforgettable moments
  - D. it shows how things are connected
- ( )22. The best title for the poem should be one that

A. can be read easily and quickly

B. includes a few sentences

C. has some special words

D. shows the feeling of it

( )23. The passage mainly tells us .

A. what to do on Mother's Day

B. what to buy for Mother's Day

C. how to write a Mother's Day poem

D. how to write good poems for Christmas

三、根据短文内容,从短文后的选项中选出能填入空白处的最佳选项。选项中有两项为多余选项。

Recently, children's literature has become more and more popular. In fact, it has been welcomed by both children and adults. People have tried to find out why adults love children's literature just like children themselves. 24.

Children's literature is very different from adults' literature. Most of it is fantasy. 25. \_\_\_\_\_\_ They can enjoy the fantasy world, which is never boring. The most important thing is that the world is bright and hopeful. In the fantasy world, dead people can be alive again and broken legs can grow once more. 26.

When they read, their knowledge is increased and children know more about the truth. For a child who just learns to read, understanding the meaning of a word may be more important than learning the word itself.

28. A large number of adults like it too.

No	ot or	ıly yo	ung adı	ılts,	paren	ts and tea	chers	, but ot	her po	eople
of	all	ages	enjoy	it.	Both	children	and	adults	who	love
chi	ildre	n's lit	erature	can	get m	uch pleas	ure fi	rom it.		

- A. Children can learn a lot from literature.
- B. But there is no final answer.
- C. Right always beats wrong in the end.
- D. Children's literature is not only for children.
- E. That means children can use their imagination.
- F. What about the future of children's literature?
- G. Children's literature can also influence children in education.

# 四、阅读下面短 文,从短文后各题所给的 $A \setminus B \setminus C$ 和 D 四个选项中,选出可以填入空白处的最佳选项。

I had a habit of skipping to the last page of a book. I just wanted to see how it ended \_\_29\_\_ I was still in the middle of it. This habit \_\_30\_\_ first my mom, then my friends, and \_\_31\_\_ even my own daughter. Often my \_\_32\_\_ wouldn't be limited just to the books I read but also to what others were \_\_33\_\_ as well. Then one day my daughter told me in anger, "Dad, please just read a book one \_\_34\_\_ at a time like everyone else!"

At times I didn't  $\_35$  this bad habit to just reading books either. I also tried to skip ahead in my own life and  $\_36$  out what to do months or even years from now  $\_37$  enjoying each day at present. Although I knew that the  $\_38$  of my life wasn't done yet and that I had many pages  $\_39$  to go, I still couldn't control my burning desire to write the  $\_40$  of it halfway through. Time and time again, I would  $\_41$  jump ahead and try to solve every potential problem before it happened. Life,  $\_42$ , doesn't work like that. It loves to  $\_43$  us, and you never know what new problems, changes, or opportunities each new day will 44.

Recently when I found myself living in the  $\underline{45}$  again, I felt a voice that gently told me I needed to "live one day at a time". When I heard those words, I  $\underline{46}$ , turned the book of my life to the 47 page, and thanked God for today.

Each of us has to  $\underline{48}$  the book of life line by line, moment by moment and trust that our story will be brought to its perfect end.

D. disagreement

(	)29. A. since	B. for
	C. while	D. because
(	)30. A. confused	B. annoyed
	C. delighted	D. embarrassed
(	)31. A. usually	B. obviously
	C. accidentally	D. finally
(	)32. A. impatience	B. misunderstanding

C. disappointment

(	)33. A. saying	B. reading
	C. doing	D. watching
(	)34. A. page	B. copy
	C. chapter	D. edition
(	)35. A. contribute	B. devote
	C. apply	D. limit
(	)36. A. try	B. figure
	C. let	D. turn
(	37. A. on the part of	B. other than
	C. instead of	D. on the basis of
(	)38. A. book	B. river
	C. picture	D. play
(	39. A. forgotten	B. left
	C. kept	D. regretted
(	)40. A. feelings	B. beginning
	C. ending	D. comments
(	)41. A. consciously	B. strangely
	C. foolishly	D. critically
(	)42. A. otherwise	B. moreover
	C. therefore	D. however
(	)43. A. surprise	B. cheat
	C. satisfy	D. frighten
(	)44. A. absorb	B. bring
	C. take	D. award
(	)45. A. present	B. future
	C. memory	D. dream
(	)46. A. cheered	B. cried
	C. lost	D. smiled
(	)47. A. exciting	B. hopeful
	C. favorite	D. right
(	)48. A. write	B. review
	C. explain	D. translate
T 87	法不无权力 大南方以持入	1 ムエリムガコナエ

# 五、阅读下面短文,在空白处填入 1 个适当的单词或括号内单词的正确形式。

Jean Little was born in Taiwan, China, and has been living in Canada since the age of seven. In spite of the challenge of 49. \_\_\_\_\_\_ (she) blindness, Jean began writing as a child and has never stopped. Despite 50. \_\_\_\_\_ (limit) vision, she attended regular school 51. \_\_\_\_\_ graduated in 1955 from the University of Toronto with an Honors Degree in English. She taught children with special needs until 1962. That year, her first book, *Mine for Keeps*, 52. \_\_\_\_\_ (win) the Little Brown Children's Book Award and since then Jean has written 50 books, 53. \_\_\_\_\_ (include) novels, picture books, autobiography, poetry and short stories, among 54. \_\_\_\_\_ are some of Canada's best-loved works for children, such as *Dancing Through the Snow*, *Mama's Going to Buy You a* 

### 新课标・名师导学・高考第一轮总复习・英语 YL(学生用书)

Mockingbird,	and	Listen	for	the	Singing.	Her	books			
55	(tr	anslate)	into	a doz	en langua	ges so	far and			
have won many awards.										
In addition 56 all her awards, she has										
received six honorary degrees and is a member of the Order of										
Canada for her outstanding 57(contribute) to										
Canadian children's literature, and 58(recent)										
she won the Q	ueen's	Diamo	nd Jul	bilee 1	Medal.					
六、短文改错										

假定英语课上老师要求同桌之间交换修改作文,请你修改你同桌写的以下作文。文中共有10处语言错误,每句中最多有两处。每处错误仅涉及一个单词的增加、删除或修改。

增加:在缺词处加一个漏字符号( \( \) ),并在其下面写出该加的词。

删除:把多余的词用斜线(\)划掉。

1

修改:在错的词下划一横线,并在该词下面写出修改后的词。

注意:1.每处错误及其修改均仅限一词;

2. 只允许修改 10 处,多者(从第 11 处起)不计分。

Of all the books I've read, I like *Robinson Crusoe* best, what is one of the famous British writer Daniel Defoe's greatest work. The main character of the novel is Robinson Crusoe, who was trapped on a disaster during a boat tour. He had to swim to a lonely island or lived there for many years. There were no other people on remote island, and there was no food for him. He fight against various natural disasters and diseases alone brave. He tried his best to overcoming all the

50.\_\_\_\_

56.

\_\_\_\_ 55.\_\_

difficulties and was saved finally. After reading the novel, I am really moved by Robinson Crusoe's spirit, which has been taught me that something is difficult if you go with courage.

#### 七、书面表达

Dear Jim,

假如你是李华,你的英国朋友 Jim 在给你的邮件中提到他 对中国文学很感兴趣,并请你向他推荐一部优秀的中国文学作 品。请你给他回信,内容包括:

- 1. 书名和作者;
- 2. 书的主要内容;
- 3. 你的推荐理由。

注意:1.词数 100 左右;

2. 开头和结尾已给出,不计入总词数。

-	
	Vours
	Yours
	Yours
	Yours
	Yours Li Hu

53.

58.

#### 1~58 题答题卡

	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16
_																
	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32
	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48
2						3			4			5	5			
7						8			9			1	10			
	33	2	2		37	3	-	40	4	42	43	5	•			

320

51. 52.

57.\_\_\_

\_\_\_\_\_ 12.\_\_\_\_ 13.\_\_\_\_ 14.\_\_\_ 15.\_\_\_\_