

2020 届长郡中学高三英语停课不停学阶段性检测二英语科答案

听力：1-5 AABBC 6-10 BBBCC 11-15 BCCBC 16-20 ACBBC

阅读：21-23 ACD 24-27 CAAB 28-31 CDDD 32-35 DCDA

七选五：36-40 BEAGD

完型：41-45 ABDCB 46-50 CADCA 51-55 BDBAC 56-60 DABCD

语法填空：61. to change 62. have improved 63.simply 64.the 65. based

66.that 67.to 68.attractive 69.copying 70.companies

短文改错：71. 第一句： year→years

72. 第二句： lies→lay

73. 第三句： such ∧ bad→ a

74. 第四句： weep→weeping

75. 第七句： Immediate→Immediately

76. 第八句： after→before

77. 第九句： her→him

78. 第十二句： were→was

79. 第十三句： 去掉 off

80. 第十四句： which→that

书面表达 (One possible version)

Dear Jennifer,

On behalf of all the members of the English club, I'd like to warmly invite you to attend our lecture as a guest lecturer.

Western festivals are becoming increasingly popular in China. Many of us are interested in them and we want to know more about the festivals in the West. Therefore, we'd like to invite you to give us a lecture on Western festivals. The lecture will be held in the auditorium of No. 2 Teaching Building from 9 a.m. to 11 a.m. on Sunday, March 15th.

We would really appreciate your participation. We are looking forward to your reply.

Yours,

Li Hua

答案详解：阅读理解

A 篇：【21 题】细节理解题。题干中的 the upper floor 是有关地方的信息，这暗示我们可以在 Zones(地带)这个段落里面去找。根据 Zones 中 The upper floor is a quiet zone with over a thousand places for silent reading 可知，上层是供阅读的地方，答案为 A。

【22 题】细节理解题。题干中的 group-study 告诉读者答案应该出现在 Group-study Places 中。A 错在 must，因为也可以是 2-3 people；B 错在 minimum(至少)，文中用了 You can use a room three hours per day...；D 错在不是 applicants 标注出来，而是这样的房间已经标注好了 (All rooms are marked on the library maps)。故选 C。

【23 题】细节理解题。题干中的 locker 出现在 Storage of Study Material 中，这里 A、B、C、D 中出现文中所提到信息有 A 和 D，但和文中这句“When you have obtained at least 40 credits, you may rent a locker...”相匹配的只有 D。故选 D。

B 篇：【24 题】细节理解题。第一段作者说，自己比妹妹大两岁，却要跟她有一样的就寝时间；每次做了不该做的事，自己的麻烦总比妹妹多，由此可知选 C。

【25 题】推理判断题。第五段最后说，作者闹离家出走，拉着行李箱艰难地走在去爷爷奶奶家的路上，妈妈在后面跟着，同时示意那些关注的人们离开，因此选 A。

【26 题】细节理解题。第四段说，作者拖着行李箱准备出门的时候妈妈说她这是要去奶奶家，于是作者不敢相信她连这个也能猜出来，简直就像个女巫。结合语境判断，这是因为作者的妈妈竟然猜到她离家出走要去哪里，因此选 A。

【27 题】推理判断题。文章最后说，每次作者与妹妹发生冲突向妈妈抱怨的时候，妈妈就会回答，“你曾经有过机会的”。结合语境判断，这里的“机会”说的是前文交代的作者的母亲曾经故意提议要把妹妹送回孤儿院的建议，那么母亲这句话的含义是说，作者必须学会与妹妹友好相处，并学会谦让妹妹，因此选 B。

C 篇：这篇文章通过少年得志的科比写个自己的一封信，分享了自己对家庭和朋友之间关系处理的看法：要投资自己。尤其是当自己在支撑一个大家庭时，他感觉，其他家庭成员主要是兄弟姐妹就会失去斗志获取成功。

【28 题】细节理解题。答案选 C。从第五、七段得知：文章中提到的“giving”，指的是让自己获得满足（第七段）并使得家人朋友依靠他过上好的生活，而不是让他从其他球员中脱颖而出（stand out）。

【29 题】细节理解题。答案选 D。A、C 选项与第一段事实不符。B 文中未提给自己买的房子。根据第八段 This involves making tough choices, even if your siblings and friends do not understand them at the time 得知答案选 D。

【30 题】推理判断题。答案选 D。注意该题目中“should have done”的意思是本应该做某事而没有做，意思是本题中需要填一个没有做，但可惜本应该要做的。从正文倒数二三段可以得知作者在鼓励家人们通过自己的努力创造美好生活。

【31 题】写作目的题。答案选 D。

D 篇：本文聚焦气候变化给人类带来的影响，尤其会引起因人畜接触而产生的疾病的集中暴发。

【32题】词义猜测题。答案选D。根据第一段的描述可以得知。

【33题】推理判断题。答案选C。文中举蝙蝠的事例就是为了更好的表明气候变化对疾病产生的影响，从第三段第一句 model how changes to the climate will impact the spread of infectious diseases 可以得知。

【34题】推理判断题。答案选D。第四段 Fair 所言主要是更好的阐述第三段的意思，并从 anytime you increase that wildlife-human interface (界面), that's sort of an emerging disease hot spot 得知，其主要用意是过多的接触 interface 野生动物将会引起疾病暴发。

【35题】主旨大意题。答案选A。文章关注的是气候变化导致的环境变化，以及过多与野生动物的接触将导致疾病的暴发，故选择A。B选项范围太大，C、D选项太片面。

【完形填空解析】本文为记叙文。作者长期以来认为自己只是太忙，无法花费太多的时间、金钱和精力为社区作出贡献，但是通过“日行一善”的计划，作者和女儿帮助了别人，也改变了自己。

【41题】考查上下文语境中的名词辨析。依据上下文，我们许多人发现自己只是太忙，无法为我们的社区作出贡献。作者长期以来也认为这要花费太多的时间、金钱和精力(energy)。A. energy 精力；B. space 空间；C. wisdom 智慧；D. salary 薪水。故选A。

【42题】考查上下文语境中的动词辨析。依据上文，作者叙述自己先前的看法在开始(started)了日行一善的计划之后发生了改变。A. stopped 停止；B. started 开始；C. forgot 忘记；D. remembered 记得。故选B。

【43题】考查上下文语境中的名词辨析。依据上下文，作者讲到自己日行一善的初衷是源于对子女的积极影响。I wanted to show her we could do little things to help others, 表明“影响女儿才是作者行善的原动力(primary inspiration)”A. donation 捐献；B. expectation 期待；C. celebration 庆祝；D. inspiration 动力。故选D。

【44题】考查上下文语境中的形容词辨析。依据上下文，作者让女儿知道通过帮助别人可以获得幸福。A. lucky 幸运；B. clever 聪明；C. happy 幸福；D. merciful 怜悯。故选C。

【45题】考查上下文语境中的动词辨析。依据上下文，作者开始自己日行一善的计划，第一周，自己不确定能否成功。Manage it 做成某事。A. get 得到；B. manage 设法；C. put 放下；D. appreciate 欣赏。故选B。

【46题】考查上下文语境中的动词辨析。依据上下文，作者上网求助得到启发，开始帮助身边之所需。一天，领着(guided)一个盲人过地铁站。A. watched 观察；B. waited 等待；C. guided 带领；D. ordered 命令。故选C。

【47题】考查上下文语境中的动词辨析。依据上下文，作者在地铁站帮助盲人，对方微笑(smiled)以表示感谢。A. smiled 微笑；B. sighed 叹气；C. frowned 皱眉；D. jumped 跳跃。故选A。

【48题】考查上下文语境中的形容词辨析。依据上下文，作者叙述另一次行善活动，把自己园子里的花送给当地(local)的一家疗养院。文章开头 contribute to our communities 有暗示。A. popular 受欢迎的；B. distant 遥远的；C. deserted 荒芜的；D. local 当地的。故选D。

【49题】考查上下文语境中的名词辨析。依据上下文，作者希望通过自己的行动唤起他人心中乐于助人的意识(awareness)。A. interest 兴趣；B. mercy 同情；C. awareness 意识；D. praise 赞扬。故选C。

【50题】考查上下文语境中的副词辨析。依据上文 The first week, I wasn't sure if I could manage it. 然而(though)，几天之后，我发现比预料的要容易。though 此处为副词，表转折。A. though 然而；B. besides 此外；C. therefore 因此；D. also 也。故选A。

【51题】考查上下文语境中的名词辨析。依据上下文，作者开始疑虑日行一善是否能成功，

通过几天的实践后发现，日行一善要比预料的容易的多。自己也知道自己在产生影响 (make a difference)。A. discovery 发现；B. difference 不同；C. mistake 错误；D. fortune 财富，运气。故选 B。

【52 题】考查上下文语境中的动词辨析。作者晚上回家，把自己白天行善的事情描述 (described) 给女儿听。A. reminded 提醒；B. pointed 指出；C. recalled 回忆；D. described 描述。故选 D。

【53 题】考查上下文语境中的动词辨析。依据上下文，作者言传身教，对女儿产生影响，女儿 Emily 开始参与 (share) 到日行一善的活动中来。share ~(in) sth: have a share in sth; participate in sth 分摊或分享某事物；参与某事物。A. criticizing 批评；B. sharing 分享；C. laughing 嘲笑；D. praising 表扬。故选 B。

【54 题】考查上下文语境中的动词短语辨析。依据上下文，女儿受到 inspiration 开始善举行动，看到邻居家的花盆在风中摇摇欲坠，走上前去，伸手扶正。A. marched over 走过去；B. pulled over 靠边停车；C. turned over 掀翻，打翻；D. fell over 摔跤，跌倒。故选 A。

【55 题】考查上下文语境中的名词辨析。依据上下文，女儿受大人影响，也开始做好事。这里帮助妈妈收集社区邻居的捐赠 (donations)。A. money 钱；B. vegetables 蔬菜；C. donations 捐赠；D. clothes 衣物。故选 C。

【56 题】考查上下文语境中的连词辨析。依据上下文，母女俩一起做好事，在离开舍粥处时，女儿自豪地说将来要在这里工作。女儿因为帮助人而内心感到幸福自豪。故选 D。

【57 题】考查上下文语境中的副词辨析。参考 16 题。A. proudly 骄傲地；B. eagerly 急切地；C. anxiously 焦虑地；D. casually 随意地。故选 A。

【58 题】考查上下文语境中的动词辨析。依据上下文，作者开始并不完全相信自己能日行一善。Be convinced 相信，信服。A. concerned 关心；B. convinced 信服；C. expected 期待；D. persuaded 说服。故选 B。

【59 题】考查上下文语境中的名词辨析。依据上下文，最后，日行一善成了作者的第二天性。nature 表示 typical qualities and characteristics of a person or an animal (人或动物的) 本性，天性。A. scene 场景；B. language 语言；C. nature 本性；D. skill 技巧。故选 C。

【60 题】考查上下文语境中的固定短语辨析。依据上下文，助人为乐已成为作者的天性。因此每每看到有需要帮助的时候，自己就感到有施以援手的责任，而不是听之任之。A. by means of 通过；B. regardless of 不管，不顾；C. as well as 也；D. instead of 代替，而不是...。故选 D。

听力原文

Text 1

W: Henry, tidy up your room. Your books, toy cars and clothes are all over your bedroom floor.

M: In a minute, Mum. I'll do it as soon as I hang up the phone.

Text 2

M: Do you like our new science teacher?

W: I'm tired of his endless talking. He never gives us a little time to discuss things.

M: You can't say that. He is a very knowledgeable man.

W: I can't see that!

Text 3

W: You're late again!

M: I hope you can understand why I'm late. The road conditions kept me from driving fast.

W: Do I have to remind you how many times you've said that?

Text 4

M: Hello, I want a taxi. Can you arrange it now?

W: Yes. What address are you at?

M: 2011 East 32nd Street. Oh, wait a minute. It's 1120 East 32nd Street. Sorry.

Text 5

M: What's wrong, Emily? You look upset.

W: I just broke Uncle George's favorite vase! He'll be mad when he hears about it.

M: Well, why don't you go and talk to him first? You've got to face the music.

Text 6

M: Hey, Linda! I haven't seen you since we graduated. What have you been doing lately?

W: Nothing special. I've been doing two jobs for the last four months.

M: Why?

W: I'm saving up for a trip to Australia. What about you?

M: Well, I've only been spending money. I quit my job to go to graduate school. I'm studying literature. And I have to do a part-time job to feed myself instead of asking my parents for money.

W: Really? You're amazing! How long have you been going to graduate school?

M: Almost two years. Next month, I will graduate.

Text 7

M: Oh, Jane! What did you do that for?

W: Do what?

M: You know what I am talking about. Why did you go and tell Mrs. Wallace how much money I am going to make? Now she will go and tell the whole world!

W: I am sorry, Paul.

M: Yeah, but you know she will tell everybody, including her brothers.

W: Well, I apologize. I guess I wasn't thinking. I got all excited.

M: Oh, well, it's done now. I guess it doesn't matter that much, anyway. They will find out in the end. Everyone in this town has a big nose.

W: You know, it is really a lot of money for a first job ... So, I am very sorry, anyway.

Text 8

W: Excuse me. When is the next train to London leaving this afternoon?

M: At half past four. That's in about ten minutes.

W: Thank you very much. Can I get something to eat on the train? I find that a cup of tea and a piece of cake always calm me down.

M: Yes, madam. You can get whatever you like on this train.

W: Oh, good! How much does a cup of tea cost?

M: About fifty pence.

W: Fifty pence! Oh, dear! That's twice as expensive as in the restaurant.

M: Yes, madam.

W: Thank you. Oh! Which platform does the train leave from?

M: Platform 13.

W: Platform 13! Oh, dear! I never travel on trains that leave from Platform 13! 13 is an unlucky number. I must change the train.

M: As you wish, madam.

Text 9

M: Good evening, Lily, welcome to our talk show. First, could you tell me something about your hometown?

W: Yes, of course. My hometown is London and I was born there. But due to my father's job, I went to Paris with my family and I grew up there. Now, I have moved to a small city in Italy.

M: Well, I see. What is that city like?

W: It has a large population and the citizens are very friendly. It is equipped with good facilities, so you can find everything you need there.

M: And what do you like best about it?

W: I like its beautiful scenery the most. It has fresh air and the environment is wonderful.

M: What do you usually do in your spare time?

W: Sometimes I go hiking with my friends to enjoy the beautiful nature there.

M: Sounds great. Thank you. Now, let's talk about your job.

Text 10

The Little Prince is an amazing fairy tale which was first published in 1943. It is one of the top 50 best-selling books and its reading rate is second only to the Bible.

The author, Antoine de Saint-Exupery, was a French writer and pilot. He went missing when he was flying a plane in 1944. And then he became a mystery. Many people guess that maybe he went to the little prince's planet, like the prince, living a simple and happy life on the planet.

The little prince lives on a planet called B612, which is far away from the earth. But it is in the Sahara that the pilot, the narrator of the story, meets the little prince. The prince tells the pilot everything about himself bit by bit. He leaves his own planet because he has a disagreement with his rose. He visits his six neighbor planets one by one, on which he meets people of six different professions. However, they are all strange. At last, he comes to the earth and meets a fox and a

snake. The former helps him learn the truth of love and responsibility. The latter helps him return to his planet by biting him.